1 A complete turn is 360 degrees.

1 turn = 360°
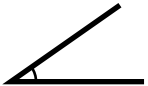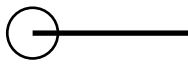
$\frac{1}{4}$ turn = $\frac{1}{4}$ × 360° = [ ] °

$\frac{1}{2}$ turn = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 360° = [ ] °

$\frac{3}{4}$ turn = $\frac{3}{4}$ × 360° = [ ] °

$\frac{1}{4}$ turn
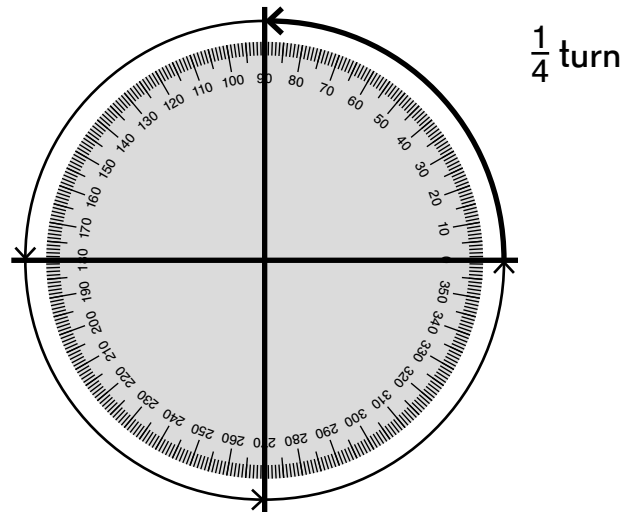
2 Write 0°, 90°, 180°, or 360° in each blank to complete the table.

	acute angle	less than _____
	right angle	equal to _____
	obtuse angle	between _____ and _____
	straight angle	equal to _____
	reflex angle	between _____ and _____
	full turn	equal to _____

3 Match, without measuring.

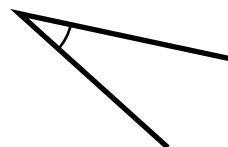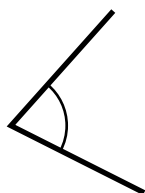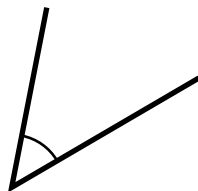| 30° |
|---|
| 45° |
| 60° |
| 90° |
| 135° |
| 180° |
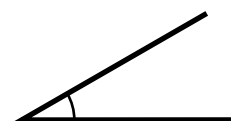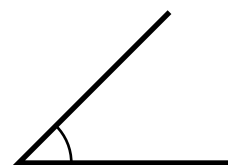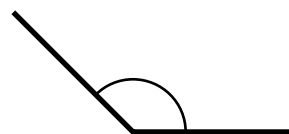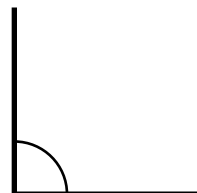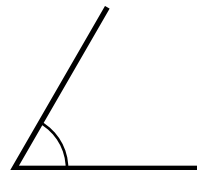
4 Circle the angle that is 75°. Use estimation.

5 (a)

∠a = ☐ °

(b)

∠d = ☐ °
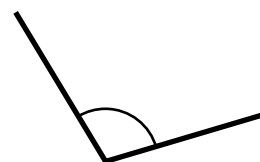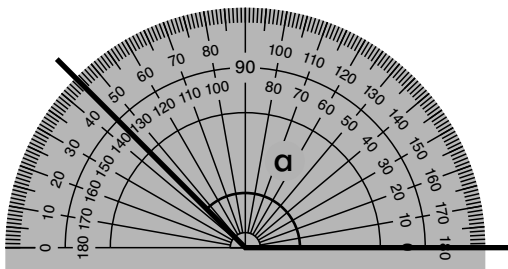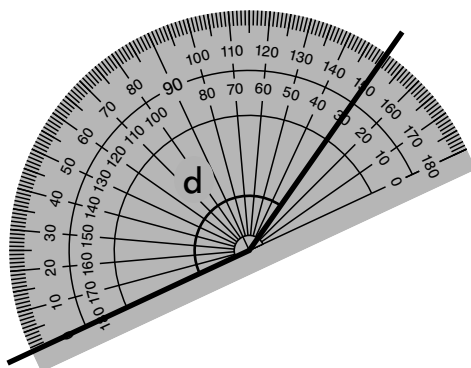
6 Complete the drawing of each angle.

(a) ∠DEF = 62°
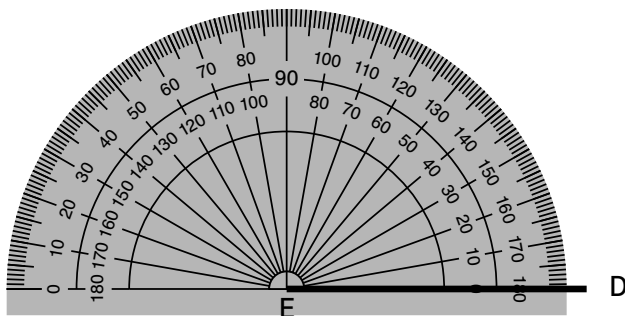
(b) ∠GHI = 118°
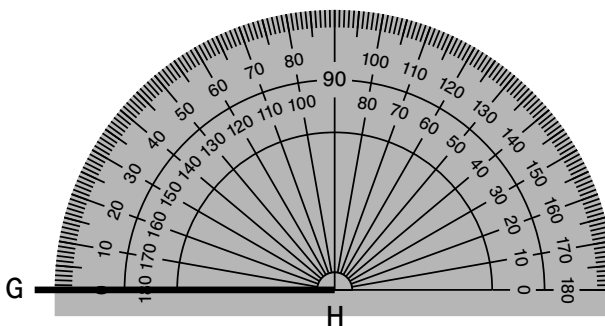
7 Estimate the size of each angle. Then measure each angle with a protractor.

∠GHI ≈	∠JKL ≈	∠MNO ≈	∠PQR ≈
∠GHI =	∠JKL =	∠MNO =	∠PQR =